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- Described the anatomy and incidence of the first metatarsophalangeal joint meniscus
- Seen in about 50% of patients during bunion surgery



- 1. first metatarsal head
- 2. lateral metatarsosesamoid ligament
- 3. lateral sesamoid
- 4. lateral phalangeosesamoid ligament
- 5. proximal phalanx
- 6. meniscus
- 7. medial phalangeosesamoid ligament
- 8. medial sesamoid
- 9. intersesamoid ligament
- 10. medial metatarsosesamoid ligament

MEDIAL

Dereymaeker G., Mulier T., Girisch P. **The first metatarsophalangeal joint meniscus and its relation to hallux valgus deformity--an anatomical and clinical study.** Foot Ankle Surg. 2011 Dec;17(4):270-3.

- Ananatomical cadaver study on 102 feet:
 - in cadavers the meniscus was more common in patients with hallux valgus
- Clinical prospective study on 100 consecutive hallux valgus surgeries:
 - in patients with a mild hallux valgus the meniscus was found in more than half of cases during surgery, while it was seldom found in patients with moderate or severe deformities

Cadaveric study – results:

- meniscus present in 21% of the 102 specimens
- mainly collagen with a chondroid matrix and fibrocartilage
- 21 (10 bilateral) feet with hallux valgus:
 - 7 (33%) had a meniscus
 - 14 (66%) did not have a meniscus
- 81 cadaveric feet without hallux valgus:
 - 14 (17%) had a meniscus
- The incidence of the meniscus of the two groups was not significantly different

Clinical study – results:

- overall incidence of a meniscus in the MTP joint was 47%
- •
- extended from the medial capsule and medial collateral ligament

Clinical study:

- Hallux valgus:
 - mild (HV angle less then 32)
 - moderate (HV angle 32–35)
 - severe bunion (HV angle more then 35) deformity

Incidence of meniscus in first MTP joint during surgery ($N=100$).			
	All patients ($N = 100$)	Mild hallux valgus (N=63)	Moderate/severe hallux valgus ($N=37$)
Treatment method Incidence meniscus	All surgeries 47%	Chevron procedure	Scarf procedure, MTP arthrodesis or prothesis 27% P=0.001)

Conclusions:

- Presence of meniscus stabilizes the MTP joint preventing progression of the hallux valgus deformity and may explain the pain, which is often seen in mild bunions in younger patients
- Once the rotational deformity increases the meniscus tears and slips into the joint.
- In the more advanced hallux valgus deformity this meniscus plays little function and seems to disappear, leading to arthrosis.

Conclusions:

- Meniscus supplements the stability of the first MTP joint especially at the plantar medial side
- When ruptured it may play an important role in inducing and the progressivity of the hallux valgus deformity, due to the lack of medial and plantar support

References

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- 2. Dereymaeker G., Mulier T., Girisch P. **The first metatarsophalangeal joint meniscus and its relation to hallux valgus deformity--an anatomical and clinical study.** Foot Ankle Surg. 2011 Dec;17(4):270-3.